

Pre-Student Teaching Semester Handbook

King's College Education Department

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> Pre-Student Teaching Handbook Fall 2021 1 | Page

Pre-Student Teaching Handbook Fall 2021 2 | Page

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Vision & Mission Statements	4
Goals of the Education Unit	4
King's College Teacher Candidate Proficiencies	4
Goals of Experience and Alignment with King's Proficiencies	5
Description	6
School Placement	7
General Requirement of Schools	7
State Requirements	8
*Specific Course Requirements	8
Theme Cycle Contract	11
Information Exchange Sheet	12
Time Sheet	13
Regular Lesson Guidelines and Lesson Plan	15
Pre-Student Teaching Experiential Reflection	17
Pre-Student Diversity Summary	
PA Code of Professional Practice	19
Pre-Student Teaching Portfolio Rubric	21
Pre-Student Teaching Presentation Rubric	32
Rubric for Professionalism	
Permission to Photograph/Videotape	36
Appendix A, Rubric and Evidence Collection forms for Teacher Evaluations	
Appendix B, Ideas for Modification if Online	60

PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION UNIT Conceptual Framework Abstract

King's College Education Department Vision Statement

The Education Department of King's College will be recognized for its ability to effectively reflect upon and revise its own practices and will be perceived as a leader in educational innovation and reform. We will be a leader in developing productive partnerships with our professional colleagues who represent the educational spectrum from early childhood education through higher education. Our program will be viewed as exemplary in the preparation of outstanding teachers who reflectively integrate disciplinary and pedagogical knowledge, professional skills, and personal dispositions to meet the challenges found in the 21st century classroom.

King's College Education Department Mission Statement

The mission of the Education Department is to prepare reflective practitioners who are recognized for their vision, motivation, knowledge, skills and dispositions as they develop, manage and monitor communities of learning in a diverse and complex world. This mission is built on the foundational tenets of a broad-based liberal arts education in the tradition of King's College and the Congregation of Holy Cross and the best professional practices of teacher education.

Goals of the Education Unit

The general aim of the Education Unit is to cooperate with the academic departments in the training of competent, conscientious teachers, by providing them with a broad educational background, specialization in one or more academic fields, and professional knowledge, skills, attitudes and ideals. Specifically, in the area of professional education, the Division seeks to provide students with historical, psychological, philosophical and social backgrounds in education; to help students gain a knowledge of the patterns of human growth and development and an insight into the problems of students; to make known to students the psychological principles underlying learning, together with the techniques and methods of effective instruction; and to provide them with laboratory experiences in actual classroom instruction. Through such training the Division seeks to give the prospective teacher reasonable assurance of success as a beginning teacher to provide him/her with the background to undertake the post-baccalaureate training necessary for growth in the profession.

Student teaching permits the student to put into practice his/her knowledge of subject matter, professional education, and human relationships. At the same time, it is further learning experience for the future teacher in developing his/her strengths and in overcoming weaknesses as a teacher. As a student teacher completes the student teaching experience, he/she should have achieved the competencies outlined for the teacher education program.

King's College Teacher Candidate Proficiencies

1. Integrating Knowledge and Practice

- 1.1 The teacher understands the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of the disciplines taught.
- 1.2 The teacher effectively integrates multiple teaching and learning strategies (including the use of technology) in students' learning experiences.
- 1.3 The teacher productively incorporates a variety of communication techniques to foster student learning
- 2. Understanding Learners
- 2.1 The teacher understands prevailing theories of development, cognition and intelligence to support student's intellectual, social, physical, and moral development
- 2.2 The teacher is committed to the development of literacy skills in all learners
- 2.3 The teacher is culturally competent and can adapt instruction to meet the needs of all students.

3. Developing Learning Communities

- 3.1 The teacher creates and maintains an inclusive learning environment that supports instructional goals.
- 3.2 The teacher creates and maintains an inclusive learning environment that supports instructional goals.
- 3.3 The teacher understands how factors in the students' environment outside of school may influence students' life and learning
- 3.4 The teacher demonstrates effective self-assessment and problem-solving strategies.

4. Monitoring Learning

- 4.1 The teacher understands the principles of effective classroom management, and can use a variety of productive strategies to promote positive, purposeful learning.
- 4.2 The teacher effectively uses a variety of formal and informal assessment techniques. <u>5. Reflective Practice</u>
- 5.1 The teacher displays a commitment to reflection, assessment, and learning as an ongoing process in the improvement of teaching and learning.
- 5.2 The teacher acts in a responsible and professional manner.

Pre-Student Teaching Experience <u>Goals of Experience</u>

1. To experience the many facets of a classroom and responsibilities of teaching.

2. To observe the integration of learning theories discussed in college courses and actual classroom application.

3. To assist the classroom teacher in activities that will enhance student learning.

4. To develop and practice teaching skills.

Aligned with the following King's Proficiencies: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 3.1, 3.2, 4.1, 4.2, 5.2

Description

The pre-student teaching semester is an opportunity for elementary education majors to experience a more interactive classroom than their early field experiences. During the semester, students will visit selected classrooms for teaching experiences connected with methods courses. Students are required to attend an orientation meeting with the liaison of the pre-student teaching semester before starting the experience.

Each student is expected to participate every Tuesday and Thursday after the Tuesday and Thursday courses end. The students will be at their placement every Tuesday and Thursday for a minimum of 3 consecutive hours. The dates for this are listed below. For students not taking all methods courses or enrolled in middle level adjustments will be made.

Fall 2021

Part-time Dates: 3 Consecutive Hours in Field

Part-time Dates: (13 total days) (Tuesdays & Thursdays in Field) 3 Consecutive Hours in Field

September 28 September 30 October 5 October 12 October 14 October 19 October 21 October 26 October 28 November 2 November 4 November 9 November 11

Full Time Dates: (12 total) Full time schedule based on placement

Friday, November 12 November 15 - 19 (5 days) November 22 & 23 (2 days)

November 30 – December 3 (4 days)

The last full-time day is Friday, December 3, 2021

Theme Cycle Presentations: Monday, December 6, 9:30 - 11:00 am Tuesday, December 7, 9:30 am to 11:00 am

Theme Cycle Overview: Wednesday, September 15 at 10 am Virtus Training: Thursday, September 9th from 9:30 to 11:30 am

Portfolios will be due on Wednesday, December 1 by 4:30 pm

*Uploaded to Taskstream by Monday, December 6, 2021 at 9 am

In addition, in preparation for student teaching, it is strongly recommended that students spend as many full days as possible during the last four weeks. Over the course of the experience, the student will be helping with class business, teaching lessons to small groups of children, assisting individual students under the direction of the classroom teacher, and teaching lessons to the whole class. Students are also encouraged to observe special classes and go to lunch with the class to fulfill hours when it is appropriate.

Scheduling/School Placement

Students will begin the experience by contacting the cooperating teacher to schedule an orientation meeting. At the orientation meeting, students will introduce themselves, learn about the school, and arrange visits and exchange telephone numbers and e-mail addresses. In addition, students will talk with the teacher(s) to learn about school policies, their classroom management procedures, the scope of the curriculum, and students' individual needs. Students will also review the requirements of the class with the teacher(s). The student's expectations of this experience should be shared with the teacher(s). We also encourage the teacher(s) to share expectations of the students. A tentative schedule should be arranged, and a school calendar and policy manual should be obtained. Subsequent visits should be arranged for observations and lessons.

The Pre-student teaching liaisons, Dr. Reboli, Dr. Yurko, and Dr. Weiland, will inform students as to which schools, teachers, and grade levels that they will attend during the experience. The number of students who visit a teacher or school is dependent on the cooperating school's ability to facilitate the demand. It is the student's responsibility to call the school office and arrange an orientation visit(s).

General Requirements of Schools

1. **Appearance:** Dress and grooming must be comparable to the professionals in the building. Male students will wear dress slacks, shirts and ties, and socks with their shoes. <u>No piercing</u> jewelry is allowed for males. Female students will wear moderate to long skirts and dresses or dress slacks. Blouses and dress tops should not be tight fitting or have low necklines. One set of earrings is permissible for females, but <u>no other piercing</u>. If a student has a visible tattoo, it should be covered while at the school. Hats or bandannas are not permitted by either gender in the schools. Cigarettes are not permitted on school grounds.

> Pre-Student Teaching Handbook Fall 2021 7 | Page

2. **Attendance:** Students are expected to be present at the school at their arranged date and time. If you must be absent, notify the school, the classroom teacher, and theme cycle professors as soon as possible. It is the student's responsibility to arrange a make-up session.

3. **Courtesy:** Students are to report to the main office when entering the building. Since students are guests of the schools, they are expected to abide by the school's regulations, including no tobacco products. Students are to show respect during prayers and pledge ceremonies. School personnel will report any infraction of the above regulations to the coordinator of the pre-student teaching experience.

<u>State Requirements</u>: Students must have on file with the director of the pre-student teaching experience and the school principal all required clearances. All clearances must be current and submitted within the time frame specified by course instructors. If these clearances are not submitted by the due date, the student will not receive a school placement and will be subject to the consequences imparted by the instructors of the Methods courses. Field experience clearance packet must be submitted to coordinator of field placements prior to the start of any field work.

Specific Course Requirements

1. **Information Exchange:** After the initial meeting with the teacher, a copy of the information exchange sheet should be submitted to *Dr. Jill Yurko*.

2. **Time Sheets:** Students are required to keep an accurate record of the time they spend in the classroom. Students should fill in a daily time **record and have the classroom teacher verify and sign it.** Candidates will complete a minimum of 100 hours in the field and will remain in placement through the entire field-experience.

3. **Introduction:** On the first visit to the classroom, students will introduce themselves to the class. A brief description of their experiences and goals will be shared with the children for establishing rapport with the class.

4. **Lesson Presentations:** Guidelines and specifications for lessons will be provided by the instructors of the methods courses. All lesson plans are to be available for the classroom teacher to review <u>at least 2 days</u> before presentation. Teachers will review the lessons and provide suggestions appropriate for their curriculum and students.

a. **Lesson Plan Format:** Students will use the King's College Lesson Plan format. (template enclosed). They will integrate lesson plans into a theme cycle unit. A description of the theme cycle assignment follows. Methods instructors will review the lesson plan format with the students.

b. **Regular Lessons:** Students will develop lessons for the time period of the subject in the grade level that they are teaching. (Times will vary based on the classroom schedule, teacher, and grade level.) The classroom teacher will provide the topic for the lesson.

c. **Experiential Reflection**: Student will prepare a written reflection of overall experience near the end of the semester.

d. **Diversity Summary:** Students are required to prepare a diversity summary at the conclusion of the experience to be included in the theme cycle. As all students are diverse learners, all lesson plans are required to contain adaptations and accommodations to reflect not only documented needs, but also variations in learning styles.

5. **Evaluation – Cooperating Teacher:** The classroom teacher will provide feedback in terms of teaching style and subject content. Students should allow for time after teaching to confer with the classroom teacher. Over the course of the semester, the cooperating teacher will evaluate the student, using the King's lesson plan evaluation, in three different subject areas, preferably related to language arts, science, and mathematics.

6. **Evaluation – King's Supervisor:** King's teacher candidates can expect at least one classroom observation. This observation will be followed by a conference intended to provide coaching and feedback. It is the responsibility of the teacher candidate to provide the supervisor with a schedule of their teaching.

7. Theme Cycle Assignment

The purpose of the theme cycle is to integrate disciplines to make learning fun and attractive to students. One means to accomplish this enjoyment is to integrate lessons. For the interdisciplinary theme cycle project, you will develop lessons in mathematics, language arts, and science according to the *King's College lesson plan* format. The timeline for the theme cycle should extend for a minimum of five (5) consecutive class days. Students will work *individually* with their cooperating teacher to develop a theme cycle designed for their assigned grade level. Each theme cycle will include adaptations for students with special needs as well as sensitivity to students from different cultural backgrounds. All theme cycles will reflect the use of technology. (King's Proficiencies 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 3.1, 3.2, 4.2, 5.1)

The thematic cycle will be assessed for each methods course (language arts, math, and science) according to the attached rubric.

- I Written Section/Oral Presentation: 30% (20% for Portfolio & 10% for Presentation) The written section is to be put in a binder that will include:
- An integrated concept map / unit plan.
- Introduction & timeline
- Diversity Summary
- Theme Cycle Lesson Plans:

a. **Pre-Assessment** of Student Knowledge Related to Theme (ELA, Science and Math should be Pre-Assessed

- b. Five (5) Lessons Using King's College Lesson Plan Format
- i. You must integrate each content are into at least two lessons (i.e. at least 2 lessons include mathematics, 2 include science and 2 include English language arts

- c. Representative Artifacts/Samples of Student Work for Each Lesson
- d. Reflections on each of five (5) the lessons should be included following each lesson plan and student work samples
- e. **Post-Assessment:** Authentic Assessment and Assessment Rubric(s) to serve as summative assessment of learning throughout theme cycle. (this is in addition to any rubrics used to assess student work within individual lessons) * Tests/Quizzes are Traditional, not Authentic
- Technology Use Summary
- Communication with Families (Minimal Requirements Below)
- a. Newsletter
- b. Introductory and Departure/Thank You Letter to Families
- c. Creation and Communication of an Interactive Activity (including materials) that a family could do together
- or Development of Classroom Website with Photos, Interactive Materials & Links for Students and Families related to each subject and Theme
- d. Copy of school report card template with reporting categories with reflection regarding effectiveness of reporting categories and procedures for communicating progress
- Experiential Reflection

Required Documentation

- a. **Teacher evaluations** for three (3) theme cycle lessons. Please turn these into King's College Supervisor as soon as each is completed for entry into Task Stream.
- b. **King's Pre-Student Teaching Supervisor Evaluation** This is retained by supervisor and entered into Task Stream.
- c. Time Sheet: Please submit with Theme Cycle Portfolio

All completed components of Theme Cycle Portfolio Due: _____

II Presentation (10 Minutes) - Oral Communication Rubric Included

When presenting the interdisciplinary theme cycle, each individual will present their work to the King's Colleagues and Community. Each individual is responsible for creating a visual presentation using Prezi, PowerPoint, moviemaker, or any other visual presentation tool. Presentations may include video clips (no more than 5 minutes) that demonstrate their theme cycle in action. In addition, you may showcase your class website. Each individual will present for approximately ten (10) minutes. Please note it is your responsibility to be sure that your technology will work at the presentation. Also, be sure that as you are taping, you consider such things as the volume and visuals you are presenting. In addition, it should be evident that you took time to prepare and practice your presentation prior to standing in front of the group to present. Focus on key points rather than presenting a day by day list of everything you did while at your assigned school.

Theme Cycle Contract – Fall 2021

Theme Cycle Contract – Due October 27, 2021

A series of five (5) integrated lessons centering around one theme will be taught in the classroom and planned with input from the cooperating teacher is one requirement of pre-student teaching teachers. Please fill in and discuss the assignment before signing off on a topic.

, have decided with input from me		
(Student's name)		
Cooperating teacher	that I choose	
(Teacher's na	me)	
the topic	for my theme cycle.	
Please submit theme topic and signatures	to Dr. Weiland by the due date.	
Please sign:		
Student:	date:	
Cooperating teacher:	date:	

Pre-Student Teaching Handbook Fall 2021 11 | Page

King's College Pre-Student Teaching Experience

Information Exchange Sheet

Due to Monday, October 6, 2021

Student's Name	
Phone #	E-mail
Cooperating Teacher's Name	
Phone #	E-mail
Grade Level	
School Name	
Specific Subject Taught	
Possible Themes Discussed:	
Final Theme Selected:	

King's College Pre-Student Teaching Experience Time Sheet for Fall 2021

Date	on Meeting with Te Time Spent	acher:DateOf this time, how	Time
	In Classroom or Online	much time spent in collaboration with teacher?	

** You are expected to be in the classroom for the full day for the days designated as full days even if you have completed your hour requirement. There are no exceptions to this requirement.

*** Theme Cycle Portfolio Due: ______ by 4:30 PM in Task stream ****Theme Cycle Presentations:

Standard Components of the King's College Lesson Plan

Instructional Objective(s)

State objectives in terms of what the pupils are expected to learn in observable form. Each objective should be linked to an assessment item.

Anticipatory Set/Motivation

In every lesson the teacher provides initial motivation and focus for the lesson. Sometimes this focus takes the form of a review of previous knowledge important to this lesson; at other times it is designed to gain the students' attention. Indicate the way the lesson will be started.

Materials and Resources

Describe the instructional materials to be utilized by the teacher and the students. Include audiovisual and computer technology.

Procedures/ Input/ Modeling

Describe the sequence and approaches to be followed in lesson development.

Guided Practice/ Checking for Understanding

In every lesson the student practices the expected performance. This may include exercises completed with the teacher, examples done by students at the board, students reading orally, students working together to complete assignments, games that allow the students to exhibit understanding, etc. Describe the procedure for the lesson.

Accommodations and Adaptations

Describe how you will differentiate instruction and create multiple pathways to meet the needs of your diverse students. Describe how you will meet the needs of your students with special needs.

Closure

The teacher helps students review what has been learned in the lesson. This may include a summary of the lesson, questions about what happened during the lesson, the students' report of their progress, an evaluation by the teacher, relationship of this lesson to the next lesson or unit, or assignment of independent practice. Closure activities must involve all students and should relate to lesson objectives. Describe the end the instructional experience.

Assessment (s)

Numbered assessments are aligned with numbered instructional objectives. There should be a correspondence between the two items.

Independent Practice/ Assignment

The student independently exhibits the behaviors set forth in the instructional objectives. To accomplish this, the student might complete problems, write a paper, do an experiment, give a report, complete a project, do research, etc. List the independent practice or assignment.

King's College Lesson Plan

Student Teacher Date		
Grade Su Topic	ıbject	
PA Academic Standards		
PA Core Standards		
National Standards		
<u>Objective</u> What are the students expected to learn at the	end of the lesson?	<u>Assessment(s)</u> Often formative.
<u>Objective</u> What are the students expected to learn at the	end of the lesson?	<u>Assessment(s)</u> Often formative.
Add objectives, if needed.		Add assessments, if needed.

Describe how you will <u>differentiate instruction</u> and create multiple pathways to meet the diverse needs of students.

<u>Materials and Resources Needed</u> Include materials used by the teacher and students as well as audio-visual and computer technology.

<u>Anticipatory Set/Motivation</u> *What "grabs" the students' attention? Sometimes takes the form of a review of a previous lesson.*

<u>Procedures</u> Include the sequence of the lesson and a brief description of the various teaching methods/instructional strategies to be used. Examples: input, modeling, guided practice& checking for understanding where appropriate. Give examples of how the student practices the expected performance (checking for understanding.)

<u>Closure</u> *Helps students review what they learned in the lesson (see objectives.) Closure activities must involve all students.*

<u>Assignment</u> Describe the independent practice/assignment that demonstrates how the students exhibit the behavior set forth in the objectives. (Complete problems, write a paper, complete a project, do research, etc.)

Post Lesson Reflection for Observed Classes:

Upon the completion of the lesson, write a short reflection on the lesson including these areas:

- 1. academic strengths/areas to improve
- 2. classroom management strengths/areas to improve
- 3. any other additional reflections on the lesson

King's College **Pre-Student Teaching Experience Reflection**

Student	Dat

te

Teacher	Subject

Grade Level _____

Final Reflection: Reflect on your experience in the Pre-Student Teaching Experience. Your reflection should include:

(1) How the experience benefited you?

(2) What would you change if you had the opportunity?

(3) What did you learn about teaching?

(4) What did you learn about yourself?

King's College Pre-Student Teaching Experience Diversity Summary

Teacher Candidate	Date
Cooperating Teacher	Age
Grade Level	Classroom Location

Please discuss the student population within in the classroom. What adaptations need to be made based on the needs of your students? Explain your choices and why these choices were necessary.

Include diversity found in the classroom including:

- age,
- gender,
- culture,
- ability,
- skill,

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- disability,
- modality,
- & medical
- and detailed description as to how differentiation will take place to meet *all* learner needs.

PENNSYLVANIA'S CODE OF PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE AND CONDUCT FOR EDUCATORS

Section 1. Mission

The Professional Standards and Practices Commission is committed to providing leadership for improving the quality of education in this Commonwealth by establishing high standards for preparation, certification, practice and ethical conduct in the teaching profession

Section 2. Introduction

(a) Professional conduct defines interactions between the individual educator and students, the employing agencies and other professionals. Generally, the responsibility for professional conduct rests with the individual professional educator. However, in this Commonwealth, a Code of Professional Practice and Conduct (Code) for certificated educators is required by statute and violation of specified sections of the Code may constitute a basis for public or private reprimand. Violations of the Code may also be used as supporting evidence, though may not constitute an independent basis, for the suspension or revocation of a certificate. The Professional Standards and Practices Commission (PSPC) was charged by the act of December 12, 1973 (P.L. 397, No. 141) (24P.S. §§ 12-1251 – 12-1268), known as the Teacher Certification Law, with adopting a Code by July 1, 1991. See 24 P.S. § 12-1255(a)(10).

(b) This chapter makes explicit the values of the education profession. When individuals become educators in this Commonwealth, they make a moral commitment to uphold these values.

Section 3. Purpose

(a) Professional educators in this Commonwealth believe that the quality of their services directly influences the Nation and its citizens. Professional educators recognize their obligation to provide services and to conduct themselves in a manner which places the highest esteem on human rights and dignity. Professional educators seek to ensure that every student receives the highest quality of service and that every professional maintains a high level of competence from entry through ongoing professional development. Professional educators are responsible for the development of sound educational policy and obligated to implement that policy and its programs to the public.

(b) Professional educators recognize their primary responsibility to the student and the development of the student's potential. Central to that development is the professional educator's valuing the worth and dignity of every person, student and colleague alike; the pursuit of truth; devotion to excellence; acquisition of knowledge; and democratic principles. To those ends, the educator engages in continuing professional development and keeps current with research and technology. Educators encourage and support the use of resources that best serve the interests and needs of students. Within the context of professional excellence, the educator and student together explore the challenge and the dignity of the human experience.

Section 4. Practices

(a) Professional practices are behaviors and attitudes that are based on a set of values that the professional educator community believes and accepts. These values are evidenced by the professional educator's conduct toward students and colleagues, and the educator's employer and community. When teacher candidates become professional educators in this Commonwealth, they are expected to abide by this section

(b) Professional educators are expected to abide by the following:

(1) Professional educators shall abide by the Public School Code of 1949 (24 P.S. §§ 1-101 – 27-2702), other school laws of the Commonwealth, sections 1201(a)(1), (2) and (4) and (b)(1), (2) and (4) of the Public Employee Relations Act (43 P.S. §§ 1101.1201(a)(1), (2) and (4) and (b)(1), (2), and (4) and this chapter.

(2) Professional educators shall be prepared, and legally certified, in their areas of assignment. Educators may not be assigned or willingly accept assignments they are not certified to fulfill. Educators may be assigned to or accept assignments outside their certification area on a temporary, short-term, emergency basis. Examples: a teacher certified in English filling in a class period for a physical education teacher who has that day become ill; a substitute teacher certified in elementary education employed as a librarian for several days until the district can locate and employ a permanent substitute teacher certified in library science.

(3) Professional educators shall maintain high levels of competence throughout their careers.

(4) Professional educators shall exhibit consistent and equitable treatment of students, fellow educators and parents. They shall respect the civil rights of all and not discriminate on the basis of race, national or ethnic origin, culture, religion, sex or sexual orientation, marital status, age, political beliefs, socioeconomic status, disabling condition or vocational interest. This list of bases or discrimination is not all-inclusive.

(5) Professional educators shall accept the value of diversity in educational practice. Diversity requires educators to have a range of methodologies and to request the necessary tools for effective teaching and learning.

(6) Professional educators shall impart to their students' principles of good citizenship and societal responsibility.

(7) Professional educators shall exhibit acceptable and professional language and communication skills. Their verbal and written communications with parents, students and staff shall reflect sensitivity to the fundamental human rights of dignity, privacy and respect.

(8) Professional educators shall be open-minded, knowledgeable and use appropriate judgment and communication skills when responding to an issue within the educational environment.

(9) Professional educators shall keeping confidence information obtained in confidence in the course of professional service unless required to be disclosed by law or by clear and compelling professional necessity as determined by the professional educator.

(10) Professional educators shall exert reasonable effort to protect the student from conditions which interfere with learning or are harmful to the student's health and safety.

Section 5. Conduct

Individual professional conduct reflects upon the practices, values, integrity and reputation of the profession. Violation of §§ 235.6-235.11 may constitute an independent basis for private or public reprimand, and may be used as supporting evidence in cases of certification suspension and revocation.

Section 6: Legal obligations

(a) The professional educator may not engage in conduct prohibited by the act of December 12, 1973 (P.L. 397, No. 141) (24 P.S. §§12-1251-12-1268), known as the Teacher Certification Law.

(b) The professional educator may not engage in conduct prohibited by:

(1) The Public School code of 1949 (24 P.S. §§ 1-101-27-2702) and other laws relating to the schools or the education of children.

(2) The applicable laws of the Commonwealth establishing ethics of public officials and public employees, including the act of October 4, 1978 (P.L. 883, No. 170) (65 P.S. §§ 401-413), known as the Public Official and Employee Ethics Law.

(c) Violation of subsection (b) shall have been found to exist by an agency of proper jurisdiction to be considered an independent basis for discipline.

Section 7. Certification

The professional educator may not:

(1) Accept employment, when not properly certificated, in a position for which certification is required.

(2) Assist entry into or continuance in the education profession of an unqualified person.

(3) Employ, or recommend for employment, a person who is not certificated appropriately for the position.

Section 8. Civil Rights

The professional educator may not:

(1) Discriminate on the basis of race, National or ethnic origin, culture, religion, sex or sexual orientation, marital status, age, political beliefs, socioeconomic status; disabling condition or vocational interest against a student or fellow professional. This list of bases of discrimination is not all-inclusive. This discrimination shall be found to exist by an agency of proper jurisdiction to be considered an independent basis for discipline.

(2) Interfere with students or colleague's exercise of political and civil rights and responsibilities.

Section 9. Improper personal or financial gain

(1) Accept gratuities, gifts or favors that might impair or appear to impair professional judgment.

(2) Exploit a professional relationship for personal gain or advantage.

Section 10. Relationships with students

The professional educator may not:

(1) Knowingly and intentionally distort or misrepresent evaluations of students.

(2) Knowingly and intentionally misrepresent subject matter or curriculum.

(3) Sexually harass or engage in sexual relationships with students.

(4) Knowingly and intentionally withhold evidence from the proper authorities about violations of the legal obligations as defined within this section

Section 11. Professional relationships

The professional educator may not:

(1) Knowingly and intentionally deny or impede a colleague in the exercise or enjoyment of a professional right or privilege in being an educator.

(2) Knowingly and intentionally distort evaluations of colleagues.

(3) Sexually harass a fellow employee.

(4) Use coercive means or promise special treatment to influence professional decisions of colleagues.

(5) Threaten, coerce or discriminate against a colleague who in good faith reports or discloses to a governing agency actual or suspected violations of law, agency regulations or standards.

PK-4 Theme Cycle Project Updated Fall 2019

Directions: The evidence included in the pre-student teaching portfolio will be evaluated using the indicators contained within each category of the rubric. In the case that an artifact contains evidence that supports more than one category, an average will be calculated for each section. Please see the last page for the grading scale outlining relationship between total points and corresponding letter grade.

	Unsatisfactory Beginning Teacher 0	Beginning Teacher 1	Basic Beginning Teacher 2	Developing Basic Teacher 3	Competent Beginning Teacher 4	Score/Le vel
Concept Map & Cross-Curricular Connections (Portfolio contains five (5) Lessons, integration of each content area twice, connections graphically represented, concepts and skills stated in measurable terms and means of gathering the data) NAEYC 4b, 4c, 5a, 5b, 5c, 6d CEC #3.1; 3.2, 5.7	No Concept Map Included	 The concept map: Fails to illustrate the integration of science, literacy and mathematics in at least two lessons. Does not state what students will be learning and doing in alignment with each content area integrated. Does not show links within graphic organizer. Content is not age and developmentally appropriate. Failed to make connection choices that demonstrate the candidate's knowledge of how children at these stages of development connect ideas and abilities is not demonstrated. 	The concept map: Illustrat es partial integration of science, literacy and mathematics by incorporating each content area in at least two lessons. Attempt s to states what students will be learning <u>or</u> what students will be learning <u>or</u> what students will be doing. Graphi c organizer does not clearly display links and relationships between integrated content areas. Content t is age and developmentally appropriate. Connec tion choices demonstrate the candidate's knowledge of how children at these stages of	The concept map: Illustra tes partial integration of science, literacy and mathematics by incorporating each content area in at least two lessons. Attem pts to state what students will be learning <u>and</u> do ing in alignment with each content area integrated. Graphi c organizer displays links and relationships between integrated content areas. Conte nt is age and developmentall y appropriate.	The concept map: Illustrates full integration of science, literacy and mathematics by incorporating each content area in at least two lessons of five lessons. Clearly states what students will be learning <u>and</u> doing in alignment with each content area integrated. Graphic organizer displays links and relationships between integrated content areas. Content is age and developmentally appropriate. Connection n choices demonstrate the candidate's knowledge of how children at these stages of development connect ideas and consideration of all students' needs and	

			development connect ideas and consideration of all students' needs and abilities is demonstrated through implementation.	knowledge of how children at these stages of development connect ideas and consideration of all students' needs and abilities is demonstrated through implementation.	abilities is demonstrated through implementation.	
Introduction (includes grade level, description of theme, reflection, timeline) NAEYC 3b, 4a, 4d, 5a	No Introduction Included	Introduction includes details of theme cycle placement including one of the following: Description of theme selected Descrip tion of grade level Reflection on choice Daily Timeline detailing all activities with students while in field	Introduction includes details of theme cycle placement including effectively including two of the following: Description of theme selected Descripti on of grade level Reflection on choice Daily Timeline detailing all activities with students while in field	Introduction includes details of theme cycle placement including effectively including three of the following: • Description of theme • Descri ption of grade level • Reflection on choice • Daily Timeline detailing all activities with students while in field	Introduction includes details of theme cycle placement including all of the following: Description of theme selected Description of grade level Reflection on choice Daily Timeline detailing all activities with students while in field	
Diversity Summary NAEYC 1a, 1c, 2a CEC 1.1, 1.2, 5.1, 6.3		Candidate does not summarize diversity found in the classroom including: age, gender, culture, ability, skill, disability, modality, & medical	Candidate summarizes diversity found in the classroom including: age, gender, culture, ability, skill, disability, modality, & medical	Candidate summarizes diversity found in the classroom including: age, gender, culture, ability, skill, disability, modality,	Candidate thoroughly summarizes diversity found in the classroom including: age, gender, culture, ability, skill, disability, modality,	

Arts NAEYC #4c, 5a, 5b, 5c	Student met one or less of the following criteria: Taught English language arts by using age- appropriate	will take place. Student met two of the following criteria: • Taught English language arts by using age- appropriate	meet <u>some</u> learn er needs. Student met three of the following criteria: • Taught English language arts by using age- appropriate	 will take place to meet <u>most</u> lear ner needs. Student met four of the following criteria: Taught English language arts by 	 will take place to meet <u>all</u> learner needs. Student met all of following criteria: Taught English language arts by using age-appropriate teaching strategies. 	
<u>5.1, 5.7</u>	teaching strategies. A variety of authentic literacy materials (texts) were used in the lessons. "Real world" connections and/or skills were demonstrated. Lesson plans are developed based on best practices from research based principles and theories. Student made no English language arts mistakes in their teaching	variety of authentic literacy materials (texts) were used in the lessons. • "Real world"	 teaching strategies. A variety of authentic literacy materials (texts) were used in the lessons. "Real world" connections and/or skills were demonstrated. Lesson plans are developed based on best practices from research based principles and theories. Student made no English language arts mistakes in their teaching 	using age- appropriate teaching strategies. • A variety of authentic literacy materials (texts) were used in the lessons. • "Real world" connections and/or skills were demonstrated. • Lesson plans are developed based on best practices from research based principles and theories. • Studen t made no English language arts mistakes in their teaching	 A variety of authentic literacy materials (texts) were used in the lessons. "Real world" connections and/or skills were demonstrated. Lesson plans are developed based on best practices from research based principles and theories. Student made no English language arts mistakes in their teaching 	
	Student met one or less of the following criteria:	Student met two of the following criteria:	Student met three of the following criteria:	Student met four of the	Student met all of the following criteria:	

NAEYC #4c, 5a, 5b, 5c CEC #3.1, 3.2, 5.1, 5.7	 Taught Science by using age- appropriate teaching strategies. A variety of materials (texts, phenomenon) were used in the lessons "Real world" connections and/or skills were demonstrated to develop conceptual understanding Lesson plans are developed based 	 Taught Science by using age- appropriate teaching strategies. A variety of materials (texts, phenomenon) were used in the lessons "Real world" connections and/or skills were demonstrated to develop conceptual understanding Lesson 	 Taught Science by using age- appropriate teaching strategies. A variety of materials (texts, phenomenon) were used in the lessons "Real world" connections and/or skills were demonstrated to develop conceptual understanding Lesson plans are developed based on best practices 	following criteria: • Taught Science by using age- appropriate teaching strategies. • A variety of materials (texts, phenomenon) were used in the lessons • "Real world" connections and/or skills were demonstrated to develop	 Taught Science by using age- appropriate teaching strategies. A variety of materials (texts, phenomenon) were used in the lessons "Real world" connections and/or skills were demonstrated to develop conceptual understanding Lesson plans are developed based on best practices from research based principles and 	
	on best practices from research based principles and theories. • Student made no Science mistakes in their teaching	plans are developed based on best practices from research based principles and theories. • Student made no Science mistakes in their teaching	from research based principles and theories. • Student made no Science mistakes in their teaching	 Lesson Lesson plans are developed based on best practices from research based principles and theories. Studen t made no Science mistakes in their teaching 	 Student made no Science mistakes in their teaching 	

Mathematics NAEYC #4c, 5a, 5b, 5c CEC #3.1, 3.2, 5.1, 5.7	Student met one or none of following criteria: • Taught mathematics by using age- appropriate problem-solving tools. • A variety of manipulatives and visual materials were used in the lessons. • "Real world" examples and/or skills were demonstrated. • Lesson plans are developed based on best practices from research based principles and theories. • No mathematical mistakes were made.	 variety of manipulatives and visual materials were used in the lessons. "Real world" examples and/or skills were demonstrated. Lesson 	Student met three of the following criteria: • Taught mathematics by using age- appropriate problem-solving tools. • A variety of manipulatives and visual materials were used in the lessons. • "Real world" examples and/or skills were demonstrated. • Lesson plans are developed based on best practices from research based principles and theories. • No mathematical mistakes were made.	Student met four of following criteria: • Taught mathematics by using age- appropriate problem-solving tools. • A variety of manipulatives and visual materials were used in the lessons. • "Real world" examples and/or skills were demonstrated. • Lesson plans are developed based on best practices from research based principles and theories. • No mathematical mistakes were made.	Student met all of the following criteria: Taught mathematics by using age- appropriate problem-solving tools. A variety of manipulatives and visual materials were used in the lessons. "Real world" examples and/or skills were demonstrated. Lesson plans are developed based on best practices from research based principles and theories. No mathematical mistakes were made.	
THEME CYCLE LESSON EVALUATION Objectives NAEYC 5a CEC #5.6	No objectives stated.	Objectives stated but do not include what students will know or be able to do and are procedural in nature Objectives are not aligned with stated academic standards.	Objective(s) stated but not stated in the form of what students will know or be able to do Objectives are partially aligned with stated academic standards.	Some objective(s) stated with reference to what students will know and be able to do Objectives are mostly aligned with stated academic standards.	Objective(s) clearly stated with reference to what students will know and be able to do and includes how the students will demonstrate what they know and are able to do and under what circumstances this will take place. Objectives completely aligned	

					with stated academic standards.	
Academic Standards NAEYC 5a, 5b, 5c CEC #3.1	No standards included	No alignment with PA Academic Standards and PA Core Standards.	Inaccurate or incomplete alignment with PA Academic Standards and/or PA Core Standards.	Some accurate alignment with PA Academic Standards and/or PA Core Standards	Complete Alignment with PA Academic Standards and/or PA Core Standards accurate and reflects integration of more than one content area.	
Cognitive Level NAEYC 5a, 5b, 5c CEC #5.6, 5.7	Cognitive level of the lesson (Bloom or Webb) not stated nor can be determined	Cognitive level of the lesson not appropriate and/or linked to objective(s)	Cognitive level of the lesson appropriate but not linked to objective(s)	Cognitive level of the lesson appropriate and linked to stated objective(s)	Cognitive level of the lesson appropriate, linked to objective(s) and refers to what students will know, understand and be able to do as part of learning outcome	
Materials and Resources NAEYC 4b	No Materials Listed	Materials do not align with learning outcomes. Materials are not developmentally appropriate.	Materials are partially aligned with learning objectives. Materials are developmentally appropriate.	A variety of instructional materials used and are partially aligned with the lesson objectives. Materials are developmentall y appropriate.	A variety of instructional materials used and are fully aligned with advancing the lesson objectives Materials are developmentally appropriate The candidate uses their knowledge to identify and use high quality resources (including books, standards, documents, web resources and individual who have specialized expertise).	
Anticipatory Set NAEYC 1c CEC #3.1, 4.1, 5.1	Anticipatory set with involves minimal to no active student participation and engagement (0 - 19%).	Anticipatory set with little active student participation and engagement (20- 39%).	Anticipatory set did not build on students' prior knowledge or did not motivate students. Low levels of active student participation and engagement (40- 59%)	Anticipatory set built on students' prior knowledge and motivated students Some active student participation and	Anticipatory set was built on students' prior knowledge and motivated the students to learn. High levels of active student participation and engagement (80-100%).	

				engagement (60-79%)		
Instructional	No instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	Instructional	
Procedures	procedures	procedures are not clear.	procedures are somewhat clear.	procedures are clear.	procedures are clear and include	
NAEYC 1c, 4b, 4c					pacing information	
CEC #5.1, 5.6, 5.7		Instructional procedures	Instructional procedures	Instructional procedures	and transition information.	
		demonstrate	demonstrate	demonstrate		
		plans to engage	plans to engage	plans to	Instructional	
		students in learning a very	students in learning a small	engage students in	procedures demonstrate plans	
		low proportion of	proportion of the	learning a	to engage students	
		the time (0-	time (40-59%).	moderate	in learning a high	
		39%%).	Instructional	proportion of the time (60-	proportion of the time (80 – 100%).	
		Instructional	procedures are	79%).		
		procedures do	partially aligned		Instructional	
		not align with learning	with learning objectives.	Instructional procedures are	procedures are fully aligned with	
		objectives.	objectives.	aligned with	learning objectives.	
		-	Instructional	learning		
		Instructional procedures do	procedures include some	objectives.	Instructional procedures include	
		not include	instructional	Instructional	instructional groups	
		instructional	groups to support	procedures	to support student	
		groups to	student learning	include some	learning and differentiation.	
		support student learning and	and differentiation.	instructional groups to	umerentiation.	
		differentiation.		support student	Instructional	
		la staveti sa sl	Instructional	learning and	procedures are fully	
		Instructional procedures are	procedures are partially aligned	differentiation.	aligned with learning needs of	
		not aligned with	with learning	Instructional	students.	
		learning needs	needs of	procedures are	Due e e dume e me file et	
		of students.	students.	aligned with learning needs	Procedures reflect explicit modeling	
		Instructional	Instructional	of students.	and guided practice	
		procedures do	procedures do not	. .	with details of	
		not engage students in	engage students in learning.	Procedures reflect some	alternate strategies for guided practice	
		learning.	in loanning.	modeling and	and additional	
		.	Procedures	guided practice.	modeling	
		Procedures do not include	reflect some modeling but no		opportunities for diverse learners.	
		modeling and	guided practice.			
		guided practice.				
Adaptations	No adaptations	No plans to	Plans to integrate	Plans include	Plans include	
	included	provide	adaptive and	integration of	integration of	
NAEYC 1a, 3b, 3c,		appropriate	inclusive teaching	adaptive and	adaptive and	
<mark>6d, 6e</mark>		adaptive and / or inclusive	and learning strategies, but	inclusive teaching and	inclusive teaching and learning	
CEC#1.2, 2.2, 3.2,		teaching and	strategies are not	learning	strategies that fully	
<mark>3.3, 5.2, 5.3</mark>		learning	fully aligned with	strategies that	align with learner	
		strategies.	learner needs.	align with learner needs.	needs.	

Closure	No plans for closure	No plans to accommodate for students with individualized instruction plans No plans to accommodate for diverse learners. Alternate assessments for students with exceptional needs were not utilized.	Plans to accommodate for some students with individualized instruction plans. Plans to adapt for some diverse learners. When necessary, a few alternate assessments for students with exceptional needs were utilized	Plans to accommodate for some students with individualized instruction plans. Plans to adapt for many diverse learners including those having learning needs, English language learners, and students needing enrichment. When necessary, some alternate assessments for students with exceptional needs were utilized Closure includes the	Plans to accommodate for all students with individualized instruction plans. Plans to adapt for all diverse learners including those having learning needs, English language learners, cultural differences, learning preferences, and students needing enrichment. When necessary, alternate assessments for students with exceptional needs were utilized. Closure includes all students	
NAEYC 3a, 4b CEC# 4.1			summarizing key points or the students summarizing one idea.	students summarizing key points.	summarizing key points of the lesson and synthesizing onto coherent whole. Closure activities provide students with preview into future learning.	
Assessments and Evaluation Pre-Assessment Formative Assessments Post-Assessment (Authentic Assessment)	Student demonstrates at an unsatisfactory level one or less of the of the following: • Evidenc e of aligned pre- assessment, formative assessments and	Student demonstrates at a beginning level one or more of the of the following: • Evidenc e of aligned pre- assessment, formative assessments	Student demonstrates at a basic level two or more of the of the following: • Evidenc e of aligned pre- assessment, formative assessments and authentic assessment.	Student demonstrates at a developing level three or more of the of the following: • Eviden ce of aligned pre- assessment, formative assessments	Student demonstrates at a competent level all of the following: • Evidence of aligned pre- assessment, formative assessments and authentic assessment.	

NAEYC 3a, 3b, 3c, 3d CEC# 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4	 authentic assessment. Assess ments are aligned with learning expectations and are part of the planned procedures for learning. There is evidence that assessment information was used to guide planning of future lessons. Post-assessment is authentic/perform ance based and includes a rubric aligned with learning objectives. No report card nor reflection submitted 	and authentic assessment. • Assess ments are aligned with learning expectations and are part of the planned procedures for learning. • There is evidence that assessment information was used to guide planning of future lessons. • Post- assessment is authentic/perfor mance based and includes a rubric aligned with learning objectives. • School report card submitted with no reflection related to alignment between report	 Assessm ents are aligned with learning expectations and are part of the planned procedures for learning. There is evidence that assessment information was used to guide planning of future lessons. Post- assessment is authentic/perform ance based and includes a rubric aligned with learning objectives. School report card submitted with limited reflection related to alignment between report card categories and academic expectations. 	 and authentic assessment. Asses sments are aligned with learning expectations and are part of the planned procedures for learning. There is evidence that assessment information was used to guide planning of future lessons. Postassessment is authentic/perfor mance based and includes a rubric aligned with learning objectives. School report card submitted with partial reflection related to alignment between report 	 Assessme nts are aligned with learning expectations and are part of the planned procedures for learning. There is evidence that assessment information was used to guide planning of future lessons. Post- assessment is authentic/performan ce based and includes a rubric aligned with learning objectives. School report card submitted with reflection related to alignment between report card categories and academic expectations. 	
		0				
Technology NAEYC 4b, 6c CEC #5.2, 5.3	No evidence of technology integration.	Teacher has one type of technology integrated into the lessons.	Teacher has one type of technology integrated into the lessons.	Teacher has two types of technology integrated into the lessons.	Teacher using multiple (three or more) types of technology integrated into the lessons.	
		or Students in the classroom use one form of technology.	Students in the classroom use one form of technology.	Students in the classroom use one form of technology.	Students in the classroom use two or more different technological applications.	
Family-School- Community Partnerships	No evidence of communication with parents and families.	Student creates each of the following family connections at a	Student creates each of the following family connections at a	Student creates each of the following family connections at	Student creates each of the following family connections at a	

 Newsletter Introductor y Letter /Thank you Letter Interactive Family Activity with Manipulatives or Interactive Website NAEYC 2a, 2b, 2c, 4a, 6a, 6c CEC #2.1, 6.4, 7.1, 7.2, 7.3: 		beginning level one or more of the following or an artifact is missing: Newslet ter Introduc tory Letter/Thank you Letter Interacti ve Family Activity with Manipulatives or Interactive Website	basic level one or more of the following: • Newslett er • Introduct ory Letter/Thank you Letter • Interactiv e Family Activity with Manipulatives or Interactive Website	a developing level two or more of the following: Newsl etter Introd uctory Letter/Thank you Letter Interactive Kanipulatives or Interactive Website	competent level of performance: • Newsletter • Introductor y Letter/Thank you Letter • Interactive Family Activity with Manipulatives or Interactive Website	
Reflection NAEYC 4d, 6c, 6d	No reflection provided.	Student creates each of the following reflections at a beginning level of performance: • Experie ntial reflection on the pre-student teacher experience; • ideas for revisions to theme and/or lessons based on experiences.	Student creates each of the following reflections at a basic level of performance: • One reflection per each lesson • Experien tial reflection on the pre-student teacher experience; with ideas for revisions to theme and/or lessons based on experiences.	Student creates each of the following reflections at a developing level of performance: • One reflection per each lesson • Experi ential reflection on the pre- student teacher experience; with ideas for revisions to theme and/or lessons based on experiences.	Student creates each of the following reflections at a competent level of performance: • One thorough reflection per each lesson • - Experiential reflection on the pre-student teacher experience; with ideas for revisions to theme and/or lessons based on experiences.	
Conventions	Poor quality of professional writing is evidenced by 8 or more errors in clarity of writing, spelling, usage &/or grammar	Fair quality of professional writing is evidenced by 5-7 errors in clarity of writing, spelling, usage &/or grammar	Professional writing is evidenced by 3-4 errors in clarity of writing, spelling, usage &/or grammar	Professional writing is evidenced by 1-2 errors in clarity of writing, spelling, usage &/or grammar	Professional attention to formal writing is evidenced by clarity in writing as well as absence of spelling, usage, and grammatical errors	

	0 to 20% on rubric (<1)	21 to 40% on rubric (1 to	41 to 60% on rubric (1.68 to	61 to 80 % on rubric	81 to 100 % on rubric	
(see attached rubric)		1.67)	2.34)	(2.35 to 3.33)	(3.33 to 4.0)	
NAEYC 6a						

Total Points Earned:

out of 72 possible points

• ELA, Science and Math (Average Score Used)

Total Points Earned out of	Letter Grade	Corresponding %
72		
72-71	А	100%
70 - 67	А	95 %
66 - 65	А-	90%
64-61	B +	85%
60 - 58	В	83%
57-44	В-	80 %
43-40	C+	76 %
39-38	С	72 %
37-36	C-	70 %
35-34	D	67 %
34-20	F	60%
20 - 0	F	0%

• You will receive a grade for Science, Math and ELA based on the subject specific component of the rubric. Therefore, while the rubric has 20 components, each subject area grade is based on 18 components, for a total possible of 72 points. The three content areas will be averaged for the final grade to be used in all courses. For example:

0	Math	68/72

• ELA 69/72

- Average 68
- Grade 95% (A)

	KING'S COLLEGE: Oral Communication - Master Grading Rubric						
S	tudent: _	(Course:	Grade:			
	4	.67 .33 3 .6	67 .33 2 .67	.33 1 .67	.33 0		
		EXCEPTIONAL	GOOD	AVERAGE	DEFICIENT		
ELEME	NTS	(>3.33 @Above	(3.00 @"B")	(2.00 @"C")	(<2.0 @Below "C")		
		"B+")					
I.							
CONTENT:		-Purpose was crystal clear,	-Purpose was clear and	-Purpose was sufficiently	-Purpose was unclear &/or		
*Deres of Chates		thorough, & eloquent.	thorough.	clear & literate.	ill-worded.		
*Purpose Stater	nent	& eloquent.		-Ideas were sufficiently			
*Main & Sub Io	leas	-Ideas were thorough,	-Ideas were clear, accurate,	clear & accurate.	-Ideas were unclear &/or		
		accurate, substantive,	& thorough.		inaccurate.		
		& clear.					
*C	(. 1 1.)			-Supporting Details were			
*Supporting De		-Supporting Details were very substantive	-Supporting Details were substantive & somewhat	sufficient, but needed much more substance &	-Supporting Details were not adequate in quality		
*Discipline-Spec	cific	& very nicely varied.	varied.	variety.	&/or quantity.		
<i>Content</i>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		5	1 5		

4	.67 .33 3 .6	67 .33 2 .67	.33 1 .67	.33 0
II. ORGANIZATION: *Framing Message w/ Introduction & Summary	-Intro & Summary, (including 'Opener' & 'Closer') were very clear, effective, & compelling.	-Intro & Summary, (including 'Opener' & 'Closer') clearly & effectively framed the message.	-Intro & Summary, (including 'Opener' & 'Closer') functionally framed the message.	-Intro &/or Summary, (including 'Opener' &/or 'Closer') were missing or deficient.
*Design, Sequence, & Structure of Ideas	-Main & Sub Ideas were very clearly & logically formatted & developed.	-Main & Sub Ideas were clearly & logically developed.	-Main & Sub Ideas at least sufficiently covered topic.	-Main & Sub Ideas did not sufficiently cover the topic.
*Transitional Language	-Transitional Phrasing was functional, effective, & strategic.	-Transitional Phrasing was both functional & effective.	-Transitional Phrasing was fully present.	-Transitional Phrasing was missing or only partially present.
*Timing-Out Message	-Presentation was very nicely balanced in time & idea development throughout message.	-Presentation hit time constraints and was mostly well balanced in idea development.	-Presentation hit basic overall time constraints for length.	-Presentation either ran significantly long or significantly short.
*Discipline-Specific Formatting	-Demonstrated effective & strategic utilization of expected formatting for message.	-Demonstrated effective command of expected formatting for message.	-Demonstrated some command of expected formatting for message.	-Demonstrated little or no understanding of expected formatting for message.

4	.67	.33	3	.67	.33	2	.67	.33	1	.67	.33	0	
III.													
LANGUAGE:	-Wordi	ng was cor	rect		-Wording	was com	petently	-Wordir	ng was	mostly	-Word	ing was too	
	& clear & eloquent in correct & clear in grammar correct & clear in gram				in gram	mafreque	ntly incorrect &/or						
*Correctness, Clarity,	gramma	ar & syntax	κ.		& syntax.			& synta	x.		unclea	r in grammar &	
Concreteness, &					-Wording	was cond	crete and				syntax		
Conciseness of	-Wordi	ng was mo	st		concise en	ough for	the	-Wordir	ng was	generally	-Word	ing was too vague	
Wording	effectiv	ely concis	e,		subject ma	tter.		concise	enougl	n but nee	ded&/or to	oo rambling &/or too	,
	concret	e, & comp	elling.								abstrac	et.	

*Discipline-Specific Terminology	-Demonstrated effective & strategic utilization of pertinent terminology throughout message.	-Demonstrated effective command of pertinent terminology.	to be more concrete for the matter. -Demonstrated some command of pertinent terminology at times.	-Demonstrated little or no understanding of pertinent terminology.
*Color & Creativity in Word Choice	-Wording was consistently colorful, creative, & strategic.	-Wording manifested consistent color &/or creativity in message.	-Wording manifested some color & creativity in message.	-Wording lacked color & creativity.

4	.67 .33 3 .0	67 .33 2 .67	.33 1 .67	.33 0		
IV.						
DELIVERY:	-Volume, Tone, & Rate	-Volume, Tone, & Rate	-Volume, Tone, & Rate	-Volume, Tone, & Rate		
	were most effectively	were nicely varied,	were somewhat varied, &	were unvaried &		
*Vocal Delivery	varied, animated,	animated, & expressive.	expressive.	inexpressive.		
	& expressive.					
	-Articulation	-Articulation	-Articulation &/or	-Articulation &/or		
	& Pronunciation were	& Pronunciation	Pronunciation manifested	Pronunciation were too		
	executed correctly	manifested few	some inaccuracies.	frequently incorrect &/or		
	& precisely.	inaccuracies.		unclear.		
		& accurate.	-Facial Expression			
*Non Vocal Delivery	-Facial Expression	-Facial Expression	& Eye Contact were	-Facial Expression		
	& Eye Contact were very	& Eye Contact were	somewhat expressive.	& Eye Contact were		
	consistent & expressive.	generally expressive.		too inconsistent and		
	-Posture & Movement		-Posture & Movement	uncommunicative.		
	were very consistent	-Posture & Movement	were not problematic.	-Posture &/or Movement		
	&/or demonstrative.	were comfortable		were uneasy &/or		
		& easy.		distracting, &/or anxious.		
	-Performance Aids were		-Performance Aids were	-Performance Aids were		
*Execution of	nicely & strategically	-Performance Aids were	adequately designed	poorly designed &/or		
Performance Aids	designed & executed.	well designed & executed.	& executed.	executed.		

4	.67 .33 3 .6	67 .33 2 .67	.33 1 .67	.33 0
V.				
PRESENCE:	-Anxiety was not at all	-Anxiety was mostly well-	-Anxiety was at times	-Anxiety significantly
	evident in presentation.	managed.	evident in presentation.	affected presentation
*Manifested				
confidence &	-Presentation was poised,	-Presentation was poised &	-Presentation was	-Presentation lacked poise
command in	confident,	confident.	adequately poised but need	& confidence.
Delivery.	& commanding.		more confidence.	
*Manifested	-Message manifested high	-Message was delivered	-Message was delivered	-Message manifested little
enthusiasm	energy & abundant	with good energy	with sufficient energy but	energy or enthusiasm.
& energy in	enthusiasm for subject.	& obvious enthusiasm.	lacked enthusiasm.	-Preparedness & effort
Presence.	-Effort was above and	-A full & genuine effort	-Preparedness & effort was	were clearly at question.
*Gave a Full &	beyond expectation for the	was clearly manifested.	sufficient for the task.	
Genuine Effort	task.		-Adequate execution, but	-Very problematic
	-Smooth & seamless	-Solid & competent	uneasy at times in mode of	execution of planned mode
*Execution in	execution.	execution of planned mode	delivery.	of delivery.
Performance Mode		of delivery.		

Note: 1) Italicized elements in green are subject to substitution per academic discipline and subject matter pertinent thereto, & 2) instructors may look to determine *relative emphasis* of each grading element from assignment to assignment.

Evaluator(s): _____ Date: _____

GRADE LEGEND:		END:	C+	=	2.33
Α	=	>3.67	С	=	2.00
A-	=	3.67	С-	=	1.67
B+	=	3.33	D	=	1.00
В	=	3.00	\mathbf{F}	=	<1.00
B-	=	2.67			
King's College Pre-Student Teaching Semester Rubric to Assess Professionalism

****** This form must be completed by the cooperating teacher at the conclusion of your placement and turned in as a component of your theme cycle portfolio.

Pre-Student Teaching Student Signature: _____

Cooperating Teacher Signature:

Date of Completion:

1	2	3	4
Fails to speak or act in a professional manner.	Speaks or acts in a professional manner.	Speaks and acts in a professional manner.	Speaks and acts in a professional manner.
Displays lack of confidence or limited enthusiasm for teaching or for working with students;	Displays some lack of confidence but is optimistic about learning to work with students and families and to teach well;	Displays confidence and enthusiasm for teaching and working with students and families;	Projects enthusiasm and a high degree of energy for teaching;
Shows lack of sincerity or concern for students or their families;	Shows a willingness to learn and grow;	Makes constant efforts to learn and improve practice;	Displays a genuine concern for students and families that translates into a constant pursuit of opportunities to grow and learn as a teacher and as an advocate for students;
Is not punctual or dependable.	Is sometimes not punctual or dependable.	Is mostly punctual and dependable.	Is always punctual and dependable.



KING'S COLLEGE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT PERMISSION FOR PHOTOGRAPH/VIDEOTAPING FORM

Dear Parent/ Guardian,

As part of the pre-student teaching experience at King's College, I may need to photograph or videotape a brief clip of one of more of my lessons or projects. The purpose of this documentation is view my teaching and corresponding instructional materials I have created.

I am requesting your permission to have your son/ daughter/ ward participate in the photography and/or videotaping. The photographs/videotape will not identify your son/ daughter/ ward by full name, school, or personal information. The materials will not be used for public viewing.

Please read the permission statement below, indicate your choice and return the completed form to school.

Sincerely,

Student Teacher

Classroom Teacher

I give permission for my son/ daughter/ ward to participate in the photography/videotaping of classroom lessons. I understand that the videotape will be used for educational purposes only and that my son's/ daughter's/ ward's identity will be protected.

I do not give permission for my son/ daughter/ ward to participate in the photography/videotaping of classroom lessons. I understand that the videotape will be used for educational purposes only and that my son's/ daughter's/ ward's identity will be protected.

 Student
 Date ______

Parent's or Guardian's Signature

Appendix A: Teacher Evaluation Rubric

	Unsatisfactory	Basic	Proficient	Distinguished	Score / Level
1a: Demonstrating knowledge of content and pedagogy	In planning and practice, the teacher candidate makes content errors or does not correct errors made by students. The teacher candidate displays little understanding of prerequisite knowledge important to student learning of the content. The teacher candidate displays little or no understanding of the range of pedagogical approaches suitable to student learning of the content.	The teacher candidate is familiar with the important concepts in the discipline but displays a lack of awareness of how these concepts relate to one another. The teacher candidate indicates some awareness of prerequisite learning, although such knowledge may be inaccurate or incomplete. The teacher candidate's plans and practice reflect a limited range of pedagogical approaches to the discipline or to the students.	The teacher candidate displays solid knowledge of the important concepts in the discipline and how these relate to one another. The teacher candidate demonstrates accurate understanding of prerequisite relationships among topics. The teacher candidate's plans and practice reflect familiarity with a wide range of effective pedagogical approaches in the subject.	The teacher displays extensive knowledge of the important concepts in the discipline and how these relate both to one another and to other disciplines. The teacher demonstrates understanding of prerequisite relationships among topics and concepts and understands the link to necessary cognitive structures that ensure student understanding. The teacher's plans and practice reflect familiarity with a wide range of effective pedagogical approaches in the discipline and the ability to anticipate	

King's College Pre-Student Teaching Evaluation

				student	
				misconceptions	
11.	The fee 1 and a 11 lefe	The fee sheet at 1.1.4.	The fee sheet and 11 left	1	
1b:	The teacher candidate	The teacher candidate	The teacher candidate	The teacher understands the	
Demonstrating	displays minimal	displays	understands the active	active	
knowledge of	understanding of how	generally accurate	nature of student learning	nature of student learning	
students	students learn—and little	knowledge	and attains information	and	
	knowledge of their varied	of how students learn and of	about levels of development	acquires information about	
	approaches to learning,	their varied approaches to	for groups of students. The	levels	
	knowledge and skills,	learning, knowledge and	teacher candidate also	of development for	
	special needs, and	skills,	purposefully acquires	individual	
	interests	special needs, and interests	knowledge from several	students. The teacher also	
	and cultural heritages—	and cultural heritages, yet	sources about groups of	systematically acquires	
	and does not indicate that	may	students' varied approaches	knowledge	
	such knowledge is	apply this knowledge not to	to learning, knowledge and	from several sources about	
	valuable.	individual students but to	skills, special needs, and	individual students' varied	
		the	interests and cultural	approaches to learning,	
		class as a whole.	heritages	knowledge	
				and skills, special needs,	
				and	
				interests and cultural	
				heritages.	
1c:	The outcomes represent	Outcomes represent	Most outcomes represent	All outcomes represent	
Setting	low expectations for	moderately high	rigorous and important	high-level	
instructional	students and lack of rigor,	expectations	learning in the discipline	learning in the discipline.	
outcomes	and not all of these	and rigor. Some reflect	and are clear, are written in	They are	
	outcomes reflect	important learning in the	the form of student learning,	clear, are written in the form	
	important	discipline and consist of a	and suggest viable methods	of	
	learning in the discipline.	combination of outcomes	of assessment. Outcomes	student learning, and permit	
	They are stated as student	and	reflect several different	viable	
	activities, rather than as	activities. Outcomes reflect	types of learning and	methods of assessment.	
	outcomes for learning.	several types of learning,	opportunities for	Outcomes	
	Outcomes reflect only one	but	coordination, and they are	reflect several different	
	Outcomes reflect only one	but	coordination, and they are	reflect several different	

	type of learning and only one discipline or strand and are suitable for only some students.	the teacher candidate has made no effort at coordination or integration. Outcomes, based on global assessments of student learning, are suitable for most of the students in the class.	differentiated, in whatever way is needed, for different groups of students.	types of learning and, where appropriate, represent both coordination and integration. Outcomes are differentiated, in whatever way is needed, for individual students.
1d: Demonstrating knowledge of resources	The teacher candidate is unaware of resources to assist student learning beyond materials provided by the school or district, nor is the teacher candidate aware of resources for expanding one's own professional skill.	The teacher candidate displays some awareness of resources beyond those provided by the school or district for classroom use and for extending one's professional skill but does not seek to expand this knowledge.	The teacher candidate displays awareness of resources beyond those provided by the school or district, including those on the Internet, for classroom use and for extending one's professional skill, and seeks out such resources.	The teacher's knowledge of resources for classroom use and for extending one's professional skill is extensive, including those available through the school or district, in the community, through professional organizations and universities, and on the Internet
1e: Designing coherent instruction	Learning activities are poorly aligned with the instructional outcomes, do not follow an organized progression, are not designed to engage	Some of the learning activities and materials are aligned with the instructional outcomes and	Most of the learning activities are aligned with the instructional outcomes and follow an organized progression suitable to groups of students. The	The sequence of learning activities follows a coherent sequence, is aligned to instructional goals, and

	students in active	represent moderate	learning activities have	is designed to engage	
	intellectual activity, and	cognitive	reasonable time allocations;	students in	
	have unrealistic time	challenge, but with no	they represent significant		
	allocations. Instructional	differentiation for different		high-level cognitive activity.	
		students. Instructional	cognitive challenge, with some differentiation for	-	
	groups are not suitable to			These are appropriately differentiated for individual	
	the activities and offer no	groups	different groups of students		
	variety.	partially support the	and varied use of	learners. Instructional	
		activities,	instructional groups	groups are	
		with some variety. The		varied appropriately, with	
		lesson		some	
		or unit has a recognizable		opportunity for student	
		structure; but the		choice.	
		progression			
		of activities is uneven, with			
		only some reasonable time			
		allocations.			
1f:	Assessment procedures	Assessment procedures are	All the instructional	All the instructional	
Designing	are	partially congruent with	outcomes may be assessed	outcomes may	
student	not congruent with	instructional outcomes.	by the proposed assessment	be assessed by the proposed	
assessment	instructional outcomes	Assessment criteria and	plan; assessment	assessment plan, with clear	
	and	standards have been	methodologies may have	criteria	
	lack criteria by which	developed, but they are not	been adapted for groups of	for assessing student work.	
	student performance will	clear. The teacher	students. Assessment	The	
	be assessed. The teacher	candidate's	criteria and standards are	plan contains evidence of	
	candidate has no plan to	approach to using formative	clear. The teacher candidate	student	
	incorporate formative	assessment is rudimentary,	has a well-developed	contribution to its	
	assessment in the lesson	including only some of the	strategy for using formative	development.	
	or	instructional outcomes.	assessment and has	Assessment methodologies	
	unit		designed particular	have	
			approaches to be used.	been adapted for individual	
				students as the need has	

2a: Creating an environment of respect and rapport	Patterns of classroom interactions, both between teacher candidate and students and among students, are mostly negative, inappropriate, or insensitive to students' ages, cultural backgrounds, and developmental levels. Student interactions are characterized by sarcasm, put-downs, or conflict. The teacher candidate does not deal with disrespectful behavior.	Patterns of classroom interactions, both between teacher candidate and students and among students, are generally appropriate but may reflect occasional inconsistencies, favoritism, and disregard for students' ages, cultures, and developmental levels. Students rarely demonstrate disrespect for one another. The teacher candidate attempts to respond to disrespectful behavior, with uneven results. The net result of the interactions is neutral, conveying neither warmth	Teacher-student interactions are friendly and demonstrate general caring and respect. Such interactions are appropriate to the ages, cultures, and developmental levels of the students. Interactions among students are generally polite and respectful, and students exhibit respect for the teacher candidate. The teacher candidate responds successfully to disrespectful behavior among students. The net result of the interactions is polite, respectful, and businesslike, though students may be somewhat cautious about taking intellectual risks.	The approach to using formative assessment is well designed and includes student as well as teacher use of the assessment information. Classroom interactions between teacher and students and among students are highly respectful, reflecting genuine warmth, caring, and sensitivity to students as individuals. Students exhibit respect for the teacher and contribute to high levels of civility among all members of the class. The net result is an environment where all students feel valued and are comfortable taking intellectual risks.	
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		nor conflict.			
2b: Establishing a culture for learning	The classroom culture is characterized by a lack of teacher candidate or student commitment to learning, and/or little or no investment of student energy in the task at hand. Hard work and the precise use of language are not expected or valued. Medium to low expectations for student achievement are the norm, with high expectations for learning reserved for only one or two students.	The classroom culture is characterized by little commitment to learning by the teacher candidate or students. The teacher candidate appears to be only "going through the motions," and students indicate that they are interested in the completion of a task rather than the quality of the work. The teacher candidate conveys that student success is the result of natural ability rather than hard work, and refers only in passing to the precise use of language. High expectations for learning are reserved for those students	The classroom culture is a place where learning is valued by all; high expectations for both learning and hard work are the norm for most students. Students understand their role as learners and consistently expend effort to learn. Classroom interactions support learning, hard work, and the precise use of language.	The classroom culture is a cognitively busy place, characterized by a shared belief in the importance of learning. The teacher conveys high expectations for learning for all students and insists on hard work; students assume responsibility for high quality by initiating improvements, making revisions, adding detail, and/or assisting peers in their precise use of language.	

		thought to have a natural		
		aptitude for the subject		
2c:	Much instructional time	Some instructional time is	There is little loss of	Instructional time is
Managing	is lost due to inefficient	lost	instructional time due to	maximized
classroom	classroom routines and	due to partially effective	effective classroom routines	due to efficient and
procedures	procedures. There is little	classroom routines and	and procedures. The teacher	seamless
	or no evidence of the	procedures. The teacher	candidate's management of	classroom routines and
	teacher candidate's	candidate's management of	instructional groups and	procedures. Students take
	managing instructional	instructional groups and	transitions, or handling of	initiative
	groups and transitions	transitions, or handling of	materials and supplies, or	in the management of
	and/or handling of	materials and supplies, or	both, are consistently	instructional
	materials and supplies	both, are inconsistent,	successful. With minimal	groups and transitions,
	effectively. There is little	leading	guidance and prompting,	and/or the
	evidence that students	to some disruption of	students follow established	handling of materials and
	know or follow	learning.	classroom routines.	supplies.
	established routines	With regular guidance and		Routines are well
		prompting, students follow		understood and
		established routines.		may be initiated by students.
2d:	There appear to be no	Standards of conduct appear	Student behavior is	Student behavior is entirely
Managing	established standards of	to	generally	appropriate. Students take
student	conduct, or students	have been established, but	appropriate. The teacher	an
behavior	challenge them. There is	their implementation is	candidate monitors student	active role in monitoring
	little or no teacher	inconsistent. The teacher	behavior against established	their own
	candidate monitoring of	candidate tries, with uneven	standards of conduct.	behavior and/or that of other
	student behavior, and	results, to monitor student	Teacher response to student	students against standards of
	response to students'	behavior and respond to	misbehavior is consistent,	conduct. Teacher
	misbehavior is repressive	student misbehavior.	proportionate, and	monitoring of
	or disrespectful of		respectful	student behavior is subtle
	student dignity		to students and is effective	and
				preventive. The teacher's
				response
				to student misbehavior is

2e: Organizing physical space	The classroom environment is unsafe, or learning is not accessible to many. There is poor alignment between the arrangement of furniture and resources, including computer technology, and the lesson activities.	The classroom is safe, and essential learning is accessible to most students. The teacher candidate makes modest use of physical resources, including computer technology. The teacher candidate attempts to adjust the classroom furniture for a lesson or, if necessary, to adjust the lesson to the furniture, but with limited effectiveness.	The classroom is safe, and students have equal access to learning activities; the teacher candidate ensures that the furniture arrangement is appropriate to the learning activities and uses physical resources, including computer technology, effectively.	sensitive to individual student needs and respects students' dignity. The classroom environment is safe, and learning is accessible to all students, including those with special needs. The teacher makes effective use of physical resources, including computer technology. The teacher ensures that the physical arrangement is appropriate to the learning activities. Students contribute to the use or adaptation of the physical environment to advance learning.
3a:	The instructional purpose	The teacher candidate's	The teacher candidate	The teacher links the
Communicatin	of the lesson is unclear to	attempt to explain the	clearly communicates	instructional purpose of the
g	students, and the	instructional purpose has	instructional purpose of	lesson to student interests;
with students	directions and procedures	partial success, and/or	the lesson, including	the
	are confusing. The teacher	directions and procedures	where it is situated within	directions and procedures
	candidate's explanation of	must be clarified after	broader learning, and	are
	the content contains major	initial student confusion.	explains procedures and	clear and anticipate possible

	errors. The teacher candidate's spoken or written language contains errors of grammar or syntax. The teacher candidate's vocabulary is inappropriate, vague, or used incorrectly, leaving students confused.	The teacher candidate's explanation of the content may contain minor errors; some portions are clear; other portions are difficult to follow. The teacher candidate's explanation consists of a monologue, with no invitation to the students for intellectual engagement. Teacher candidate's spoken language is correct; however, his or her vocabulary is limited, or not fully appropriate to the students' ages or backgrounds.	directions clearly. Teacher candidate's explanation of content is well scaffolded, clear and accurate, and connects with students' knowledge and experience. During the explanation of content, the teacher candidate invites student intellectual engagement. Teacher candidate's spoken and written language is clear and correct and uses vocabulary appropriate to the students' ages and interests.	student misunderstanding. The teacher's explanation of content is thorough and clear, developing conceptual understanding through artful scaffolding and connecting with students' interests. Students contribute to extending the content and help explain concepts to their classmates. The teacher's spoken and written language is expressive, and the teacher finds	
21.	Taashan aan didata'a	Taashan aan didata'a	Although the test her	finds opportunities to extend students' vocabularies.	
3b: Using questioning and discussion techniques	Teacher candidate's questions are of low cognitive challenge, require single correct responses, and are asked in rapid succession.	Teacher candidate's questions lead students through a single path of inquiry, with answers seemingly determined in advance. Alternatively,	Although the teacher candidate may use some low-level questions, he or she asks the students questions designed to promote thinking and	Teacher uses a variety or series of questions or prompts to challenge students cognitively, advance high-level thinking and discourse, and promote	
	Interaction between teacher candidate and students is	the teacher candidate attempts to frame some questions designed to	understanding. Teacher candidate creates a genuine discussion	metacognition. Students formulate many questions, initiate topics, and make	

	predominantly recitation style, with the teacher candidate mediating all questions and answers. A few students dominate the discussion	promote student thinking and understanding, but only a few students are involved. Teacher candidate attempts to engage all students in the discussion and to encourage them to respond to one another, but with uneven results.	among students, providing adequate time for students to respond and stepping aside when appropriate. Teacher candidate successfully engages most students in the discussion, employing a range of strategies to ensure that most students are heard.	unsolicited contributions. Students themselves ensure that all voices are heard in the discussion.	
3c: Engaging students in learning	Learning tasks and activities, materials, resources, instructional groups and technology are poorly aligned with the instructional outcomes or require only rote responses. The pace of the lesson is too slow or too rushed. Few students are intellectually engaged or interested.	Learning tasks and activities are partially aligned with the instructional outcomes but require only minimal thinking by students, allowing most to be passive or merely compliant. The pacing of the lesson may not provide students the time needed to be intellectually engaged.	The learning tasks and activities are aligned with the instructional outcomes and designed to challenge student thinking, the result being that most students display active intellectual engagement with important and challenging content and are supported in that engagement by teacher candidate scaffolding. The pacing of the lesson is appropriate, providing most students the time needed to be intellectually engaged.	Virtually all students are intellectually engaged in challenging content through well-designed learning tasks and suitable scaffolding by the teacher and fully aligned with the instructional outcomes. In addition, there is evidence of some student initiation of inquiry and of student contribution to the exploration of important content. The pacing of the lesson provides students the time needed to intellectually engage with and reflect upon their learning and to	

3d: Using Assessment in Instruction	There is little or no assessment or monitoring of student learning; feedback is absent or of poor quality. Students do not appear to be aware of the assessment criteria and do not engage in self-assessment.	Assessment is used sporadically by teacher candidate and/or students to support instruction through some monitoring of progress in learning. Feedback to students is general, students appear to be only partially aware of the assessment criteria used to evaluate their work, and few assess their own work. Questions, prompts, and assessments are rarely used to diagnose evidence of learning	Assessment is used regularly by teacher candidate and/or students during the lesson through monitoring of learning progress and results in accurate, specific feedback that advances learning. Students appear to be aware of the assessment criteria; some of them engage in self- assessment. Questions, prompts, assessments are used to diagnose evidence of learning	consolidate their understanding. Students may have some choice in how they complete tasks and may serve as resources for one another Assessment is fully integrated into instruction through extensive use of formative assessment. Students appear to be aware of, and there is some evidence that they have contributed to, the assessment criteria. Students self-assess and monitor their progress. A variety of feedback, from both their teacher and their peers, is accurate, specific, and advances learning. Questions, prompts, assessments are used regularly to diagnose evidence of learning by individual students	
3e: Demonstrating flexibility and responsiveness	The teacher candidate adheres to the instruction plan in spite of evidence of poor student understanding or lack of interest. Teacher	The teacher candidate attempts to modify the lesson when needed and to respond to student questions and interests, with moderate success.	The teacher candidate promotes the successful learning of all students, making minor adjustments as needed to instructional plans and accommodating	Teacher seizes an opportunity to enhance learning, building on a spontaneous event or student interests, or successfully	

cano	didate ignores student	Teacher candidate	student questions, needs,	adjusts and differentiates	
ques	estions; when students	accepts responsibility for	and interests. Drawing on	instruction to address	
expe	erience difficulty, the	student success but has	a broad repertoire of	individual student	
teac	cher candidate blames	only a limited repertoire	strategies, the teacher	misunderstandings. Teacher	
the	students or their	of strategies to draw	candidate persists in	persists in seeking effective	
hom	ne environment.	upon.	seeking approaches for	approaches for students who	
			students who have	need help, using an	
			difficulty learning.	extensive repertoire of	
				instructional strategies and	
				soliciting additional	
				resources from the school or	
				community. In addition to	
				the characteristics of	
				"proficient": The teacher's	
				adjustments to the lesson	
				are	
				designed to assist individual	
				students. Teacher seizes on	
				a	
				teachable moment to	
				enhance a lesson. The	
				teacher conveys to students	
				that s/he won't consider a	
				lesson "finished" until every	
				student understands and that	
				s/he has a broad range of	
				approaches to use. In	
				reflecting on practice, the	
				teacher can cite others in the	
				school and beyond whom	
				s/he has contacted for	

				assistance in reaching some	
4				students.	
4a:	The teacher candidate	The teacher candidate has a	The teacher candidate	The teacher makes a	
Reflecting on	does	generally accurate	makes	thoughtful	
Teaching	not know whether a	impression	an accurate assessment of a	and accurate assessment of	
	lesson	of a lesson's effectiveness	lesson's effectiveness and	a	
	was effective or achieved	and the extent to which	the	lesson's effectiveness and	
	its instructional outcomes,	instructional outcomes were	extent to which it achieved	the	
	or the teacher candidate	met. The teacher candidate	its instructional outcomes	extent to which it achieved	
	profoundly misjudges the	makes general suggestions	and can cite general	its	
	success of a lesson. The	about how a lesson could be	references to support the	instructional outcomes,	
	teacher candidate has no	improved.	judgment. The teacher	citing	
	suggestions for how a		candidate makes a few	many specific examples	
	lesson could be improved.		specific suggestions of what	from the	
			could be tried another time	lesson and weighing the	
			the lesson is taught.	relative	
				strengths of each. Drawing	
				on an	
				extensive repertoire of	
				skills, the	
				teacher offers specific	
				alternative	
				actions, complete with the	
				probable success of	
				different	
				courses of action.	
4b:	Even with supervision the	With supervision the teacher	With supervision the teacher	The teacher's system for	
Maintaining	teacher candidate	candidate demonstrates	candidate demonstrates	maintaining information on	
Accurate	demonstrates maintaining	maintaining information on	maintaining information on	student	
Records	information on student	student completion of	student completion of	completion of assignments,	
	completion of	assignments and student	assignments, student	student	
	assignments	progress in learning that is	progress in learning, and	progress in learning, and	

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	and student progress in	rudimentary and partially	non-instructional records	noninstructional	
	learning that is	effective. Records for	that	records is fully	
	nonexistent	noninstructional	is fully effective.	effective. Students	
	or in disarray. The records	activities are		contribute	
	for non-instructional	adequate but inefficient and,		information and participate	
	activities are in disarray	unless given frequent		in	
	which results in errors and	oversight by the cooperating		maintaining the records.	
	confusion.	teacher, prone to errors.			
4c:	The teacher candidate has	With supervision, the	With supervision, the	The teacher communicates	
Supervised	not demonstrated the	teacher	teacher	frequently with families in a	
communication	cultural, professional,	candidate demonstrates	candidate communicates	culturally sensitive manner,	
with families	social, and verbal skills	some	effectively with families	with	
	necessary for involvement	communication and	multiple times: making	students contributing to the	
	with families.	involvement with families.	some	communication. The teacher	
		The teacher candidate	attempts to successfully	responds to family concerns	
		makes	engage families in the	with	
		partially successful attempts	instructional program.	professional and cultural	
		to engage families in the		sensitivity. The teacher's	
		instructional program		efforts to	
				engage families in the	
				instructional	
				program are frequent and	
				successful.	
4d:	The teacher candidate's	The teacher candidate's	The teacher candidate's	Professional relationships	
Participating in	relationships with	professional relationships	professional relationships	are	
a	colleagues are negative or	are	are	characterized by mutual	
Professional	self-serving. The teacher	cordial and fulfill	characterized by mutual	support,	
Community	candidate avoids	school/district duties	support and cooperation;	cooperation and initiative in	
	participation in a	recommended by the	include active participation	assuming leadership in	
	professional culture of	cooperating teacher;	in a culture of professional	promoting	
	inquiry, resisting	including involvement in a	inquiry, school events and	a culture of inquiry and	
	opportunities to become	culture of inquiry, school	school/district projects,	making	

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	involved. The teacher	events and/or school/district	making substantial	substantial contributions to	
	candidate avoids	projects when asked.	contributions.	school/district projects.	
	becoming				
	involved in school events				
	or school and district				
	projects recommended by				
	the cooperating teacher.				
4e:	The teacher candidate	The teacher candidate	The teacher candidate seeks	The teacher seeks out	
Growing and	engages in no professional	participates to a limited	out opportunities for	opportunities	
Developing	development activities to	extent in professional	professional development to	for professional	
professionally	enhance knowledge or	activities when they are	enhance content knowledge	development and	
	skill. The teacher	convenient. The teacher	and pedagogical skill. The	makes a systematic effort to	
	candidate resists feedback	candidate engages in a	teacher candidate actively	conduct action research.	
	on teaching performance	limited way with colleagues	engages with colleagues and	The	
	from either supervisors or	and supervisors in	supervisors in professional	teacher solicits feedback on	
	more experienced	professional conversation	conversation about practice,	practice from both	
	colleagues. The teacher	about practice, including	including feedback about	supervisors and	
	candidate makes no effort	some feedback on teaching	practice. The teacher	colleagues. The teacher	
	to share knowledge with	performance. The teacher	candidate participates	initiates	
	others or to assume	candidate finds limited ways	actively in assisting other	important activities to	
	professional	to assist other teachers and	educators and looks for	contribute to	
	responsibilities	contribute to the profession.	ways	the profession.	
	1	1	to contribute to the	1	
			profession.		
4f:	The teacher candidate	The teacher candidate	The teacher candidate	The teacher can be counted	
Showing	interactions are	interaction are characterized	displays high standards of	on to	
Professionalis	characterized by	by honest, genuine but	honesty, integrity, and	hold the highest standards	
m	inconsistent	inconsistent professionalism	confidentiality in	of	
	professionalism in dress,	in dress, grooming,	interactions	honesty, integrity, and	
	grooming,	communication, timeliness,	with colleagues, students,	confidentiality and takes a	
	communication,	commitment to teaching,	and the public. The teacher	leadership role with	
	timeliness, commitment to	ability to take on	candidate demonstrates full	colleagues.	

teaching, ability to take on		commitments to teaching	The teacher is highly
responsibilities in the	classroom, or other school	and	proactive in
classroom, and other	responsibilities.	a willingness to take on	serving students, seeking
school responsibilities.		responsibilities in the	out
		classroom and other school	resources when needed. The
		responsibilities as well as	teacher makes a concerted
		some voluntary	effort to
		participation	challenge negative attitudes
		in professional development	or
		or after school activities.	practices to ensure that all
			students, particularly those
			traditionally underserved,
			are
			honored in the school. The
			teacher
			takes a leadership role in
			team or
			departmental decision
			making and
			helps ensure that such
			decisions
			are based on the highest
			professional standards. The
			teacher
			complies fully with school
			and
			district regulations, taking a
			leadership role with
			colleagues.

Student teacher C	andidate:	Date:	Time:	Lesson Topic:	
Grade Level: Fall 2017					
Observer:		Please Circle: Cooperat	ing Teacher Supervisor	Observation #: 1 2/V	ideo 3 4
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 U (0) D (1) P (2) 	1c. Selecting Instructional Outcomes: <i>to learn during this lesson?</i>	What do you want students		amilies: By what methods have you been m aware of what their student is learning in	 0 U (0) 0 D (1) 0 P (2) 0 N/A
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	DOMAIN 2: Classroom Environment	DOMAIN 3: Instruction	
 0 U (0) 0 D (1) 0 P (2) 	2a. Creating a Climate of Respect and Rapport <i>Teacher Interaction with Students; Student Interactions with One Another</i>	3a. Communicating with Students Expectations for Learning; Directions and Procedures; Explanations of Content; Use of Oral and Written Language	 ○ U (0) ○ D (1) ○ P (2)
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• U(0)	2d. Managing Student Behavior	3d. Assessing Student Learning	• U (0)
• D (1) • P (2)	Expectations; Monitoring of Student Behavior; Response to Student Misbehavior	Assessment Criteria; Monitoring of Student Learning; Feedback to Students; Student Self-Assessment and Monitoring of Progress	• D (1) • P (2)
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Component	In Person Artifact	Online Artifact
Integrated Concept Map	Integrated Concept Map	Integrated Concept Map
Introduction and Timeline	Introduction and Timeline	Introduction and Timeline
Diversity Summary	Diversity Summary	Diversity Summary
TC Lesson Plans	TC Lesson Plans	TC Lesson Plans
Pre-Assessment	Pre-Assessment	Pre-Assessment
Samples of Student Work	Samples of Student Work (Scan)	Samples of Student Work (Screen Capture or Digital)
Reflection on Lessons	Reflection on Lessons	Reflection on Lessons
Post-Assessment	Post-Assessment	Post-Assessment
Technology Use Summary	Technology Use Summary	Technology Use Summary
Communication with Families	Newsletter Introduction/Departure Letter Interactive Activity	Newsletter Introduction/Departure Letter Digital Interactive Activity
Optional - Website		
Optional – Report Card Analysis		
Experiential Reflection	Experiential Reflection	Experiential Reflection

APPENDIX B: Ideas for Modification if Online